

# Drupal Forms API

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# Current API (static)

- Functions wrapping HTML markup
- Not really mutable
- Parameter order is hard to remember
- Strong validation is a lot of work

# New API (dynamic)

- Elements defined as component arrays
- Similar to menu system
- Elements can be nested
- Elements are weighted
- Drastically reduces amount of functions
- Easier to remember properties

# Static versus Dynamic

- Static forms
  - » not easily modifiable
  - » requires knowledge of regular expressions
  - » fields can be added only pre-form or post-form
  - » like raster images
- Dynamic forms
  - » stricter adherence to theme layer
  - » stricter validation
  - » easily modified
  - » weighted elements
  - » like vector images

# Easier to theme

- A theme function for every form (optional)
- Default form renderer that works for most drupal forms
- A simple API to theme forms (one function to learn)
- Can modify properties and call the default renderer
- Classes can be added to elements
- Separation of form definition and form presentation enforced

# Easier to validate

- All input elements have a ‘valid’ property
  - » Can have multiple validations
- All forms have a form wide validation function
- All forms can consult an additional callback (for CCK)

# Easier to modify

- Incredible power at the theme layer
- Ability to ‘hook in’ to any form, and adjust / add / remove elements
- `print_r` function displays the entire form tree transparently
- Weights allow you to re-order any elements how you want them

# Easier to extend

- New element types
- AOP access to all forms
- Additional properties
  - » Interface levels
  - » Content Construction Kit™
  - » Dynamic text editors
- Add or remove elements from forms

# Node form example

```
function node_form($edit) {  
  $form['title'] = array(  
    type      => 'textfield',  
    title     => t('Title'),  
    default   => $node->title,  
    size      => 60,  
    maxlength => 128,  
    required   => TRUE  
  );  
  
  $form['author'] = array(  
    type      => 'fieldset',  
    title     => t('Authoring information'),  
    collapsible => TRUE,  
    collapsed   => TRUE  
  );  
  
  $form['author']['name'] = array(  
    type      => 'textfield',  
    title     => t('Authored by'),  
    default   => $node->name,  
    maxlength => 60,  
    autocomplete_path' => 'user/autocomplete'  
  );
```

# Node form continued

```
...  
  
if ($_POST && form_validate('node_form', $form, $edit) ) {  
  form_execute('node_form', $form, $edit);  
  drupal_goto('some/place/new');  
}  
  
return form('node_form', $form, $edit);  
}  
  
function node_form_validate($form_name, $form, $edit) {  
  if ($edit['title'] > $edit['body']) {  
    form_set_error($form['title'],  
      t('Title can not be longer than the body'));  
    return FALSE;  
  }  
}  
  
function node_form_execute($form_name, $form, $edit) {  
  /* do whatever you need to do here */  
}
```

# Theme node form

```
function theme_node_form($form) {
  $output .= '<div class="node-form">';
  $output .= '<div class="admin">';
  $output .= '<div class="authored">';
  $output .= form_render($form['author']);
  $output .= '</div>';

  $output .= '<div class="options">';
  $output .= form_render($form['options']);
  $output .= '</div>';
  $output .= '</div>';
  $output .= '<div class="standard">';
  $output .= form_render($form_render);
  $output .= '</div>';
  $output .= '</div>';
  return $output;
}
```

# Node form template

File : node\_form.tpl.php

```
<div class="node-form">
  <div class="admin">
    <div class="authored">
      <?php print form_render($form['author']) ?>
    </div>
    <div class="options">
      <?php print form_render($form['options']) ?>
    </div>
  </div>
  <div class="standard">
    <?php print form_render($form) ?>
  </div>
</div>
```